



History – Ancient Egypt

Year 5/6 Autumn Term



Prior Learning:

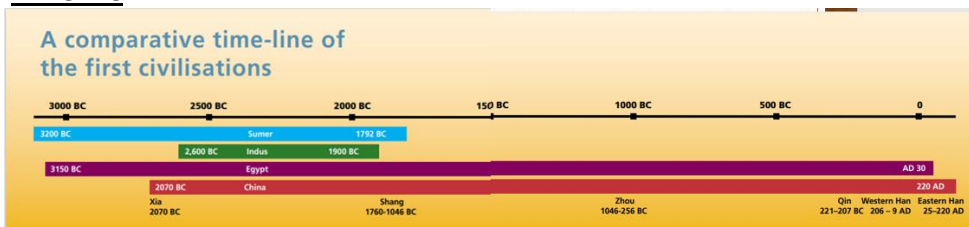
LKS2 - Roman Empire

As a Historian, I will be using my previously taught information on the Roman Empire, The Anglo-Saxons and the Vikings, to consider what came before.

Key Vocabulary:

afterlife	Supreme ruler of all of Ancient Egypt
mummification	Process of preserving a body after death in preparation for afterlife
hieroglyphics	Type of writing that used a combination of pictures and symbols
Embalming	act of preserving a dead body
sarcophagus	Large stone box that held a mummy's coffin
dynasty	Period of rule when a series of pharaohs all came from the same family
Egyptologist	Archaeologist who specialises in study of Ancient Egypt
Scribe	The name for someone who could read or write.

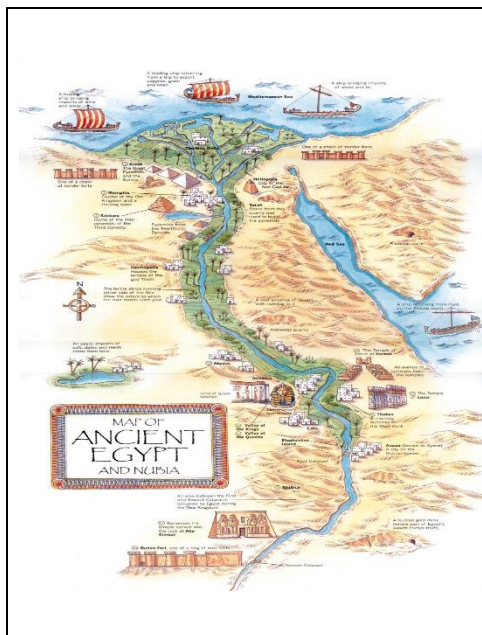
Timeline



Historical Figures



Howard Carter and Lord Carnarvon – responsible for the discovery of Tutankhamun's tomb in November 1922.



Can I answer:

- ❖ Was everyone an Ancient Egyptian during that time?
- ❖ What was the key to the Ancient Egyptians success?
- ❖ How did they mummify a body and why?
- ❖ Why is Tutankhamun so famous today?
- ❖ Why were God so important?

Key Facts to Remember:

- *The Ancient Egyptians ruled for over 3000 year
- The River Nile was key to the success of the Ancient Egyptians.
- *There were other civilisations during this period in History.
- *Mummification was the process used after death to preserve their bodies, in preparation for the afterlife.
- *Howard Carter and Lord Carnarvon discovered Tutankhamun's tomb in 1922, full of untouched treasures.
- *Religion and Egyptian God's were very important
- *Ancient Egyptians were the first civilisation to create the earliest known writing system, called Hieroglyphics

